

# DATA AND INSIGHTS PROVIDED BY































### YEAR-TO-DATE TRAVEL INDICATORS

**TRAVEL INDICATORS VS. 2021** 

-1%
VISITATION

+14%
SPENDING

**+6%**TAX REVENUE



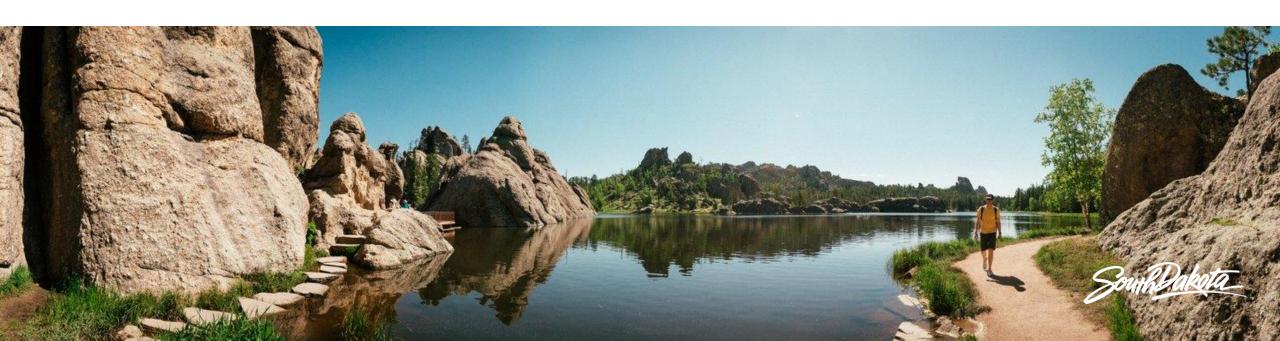
### YEAR-TO-DATE TRAVEL INDICATORS

**TRAVEL INDICATORS VS. 2021** 

-6%
PARK VISITATION

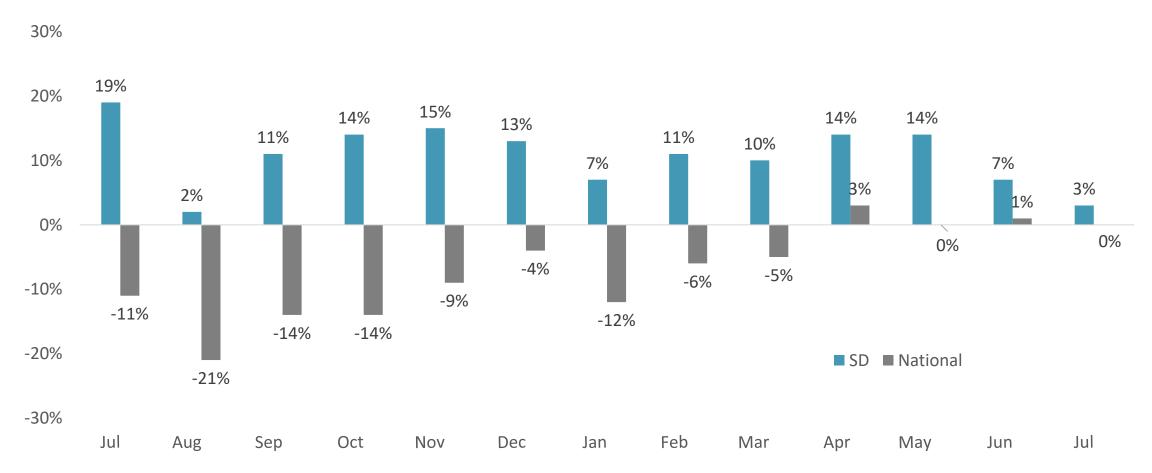
+14%
AIR ARRIVALS

**+1%**ROOM NIGHTS



### TRAVEL SPENDING PERCENT CHANGE

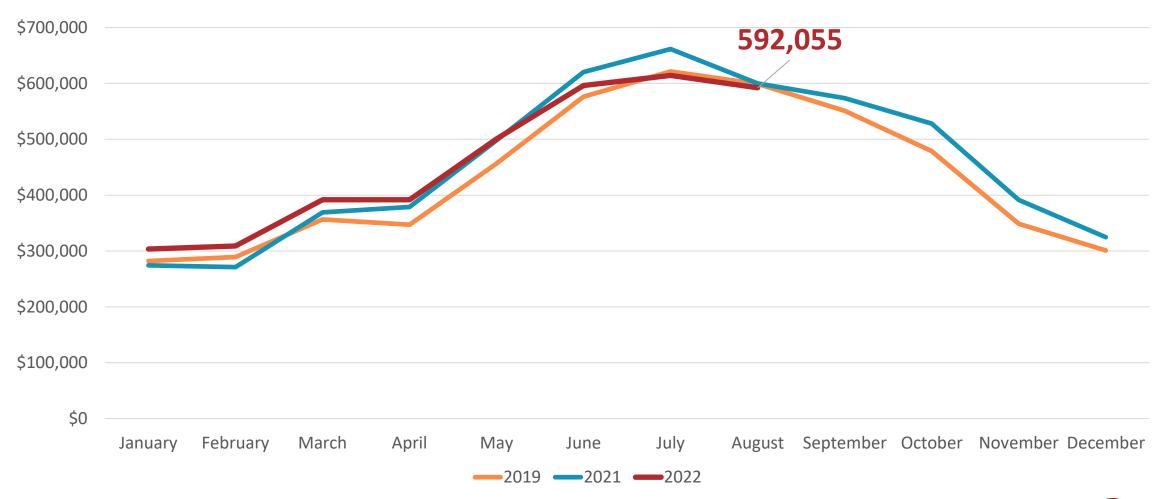
12 MONTH TRAVEL SPENDING VS. 2019





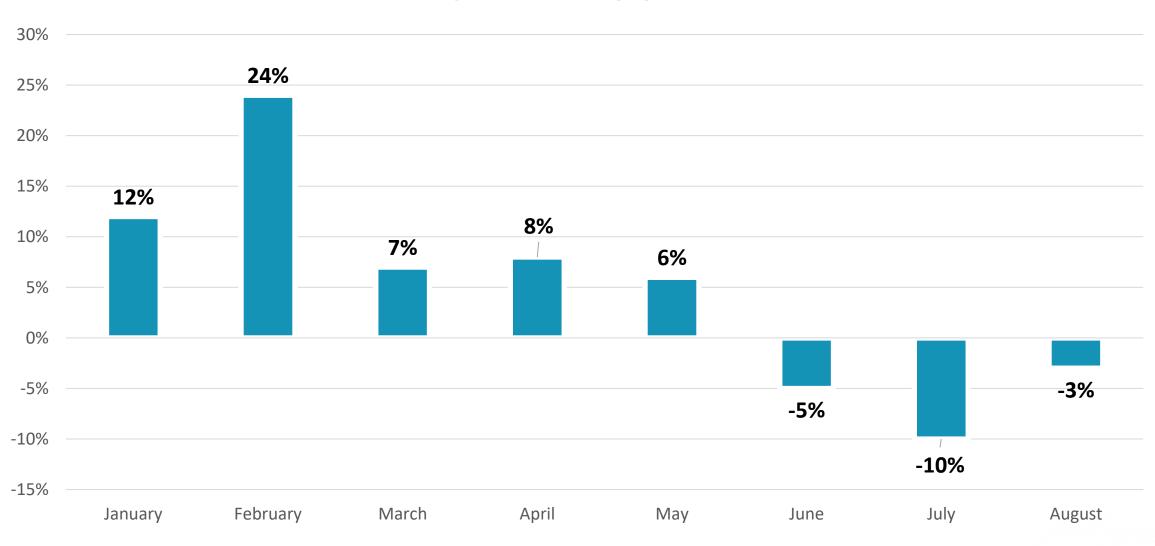


## **SD HOTEL ROOM NIGHTS**

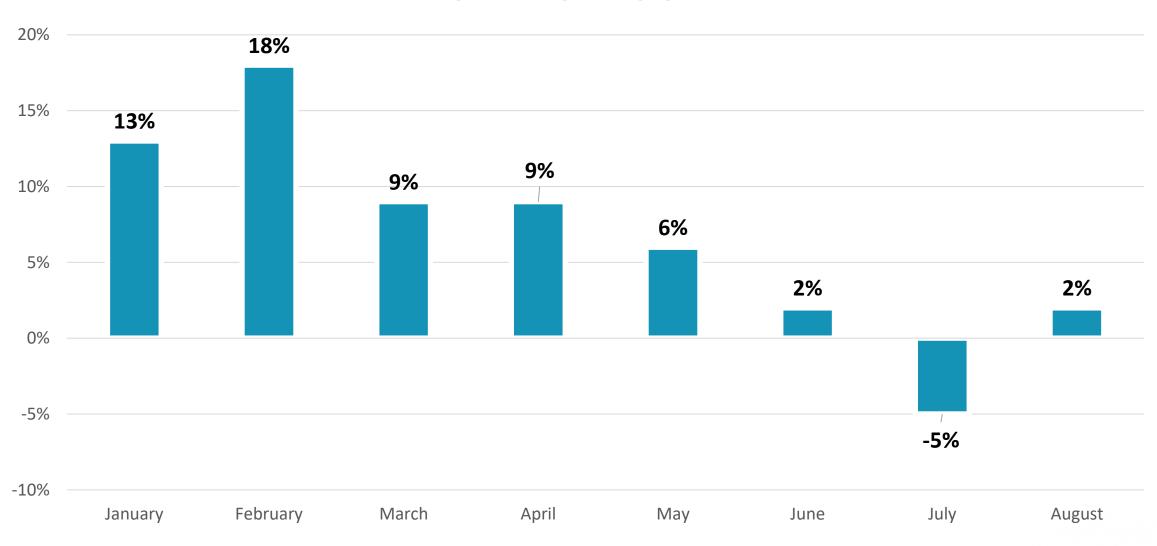




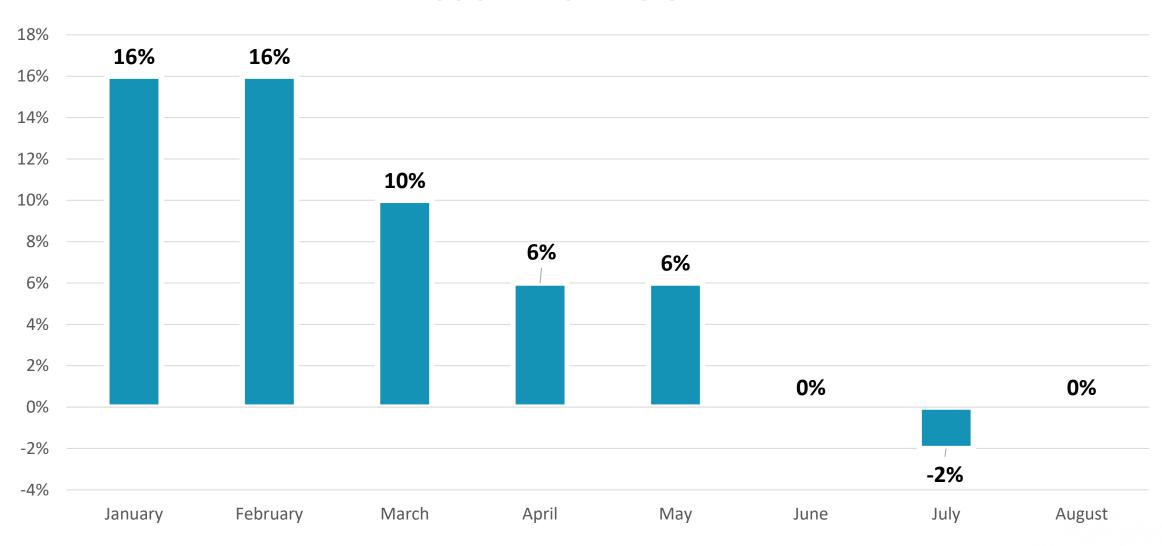
### **CENTRAL REGION**



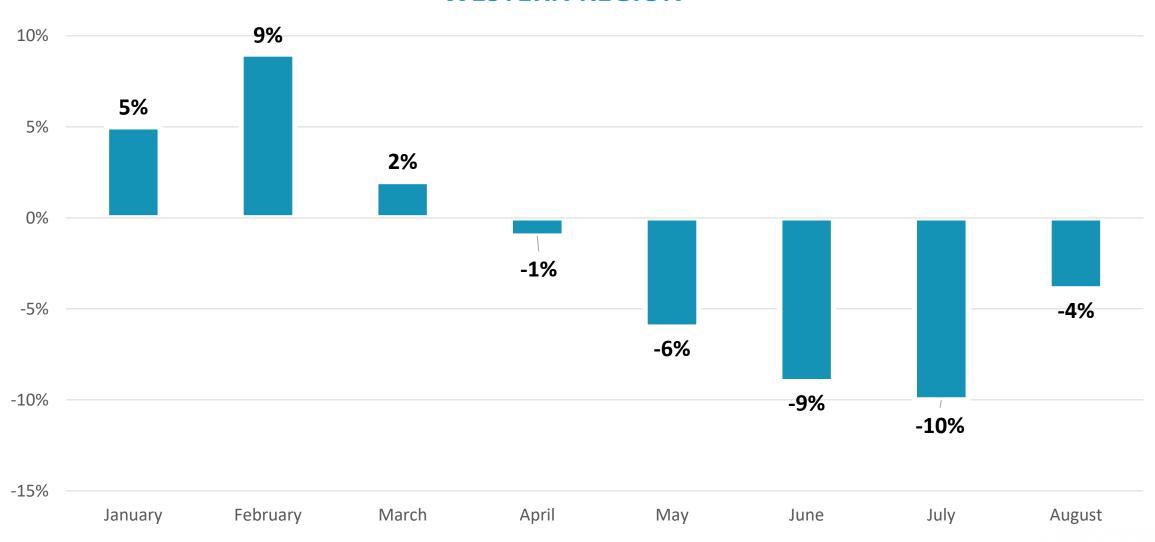
### **NORTHEAST REGION**



### **SOUTHEAST REGION**

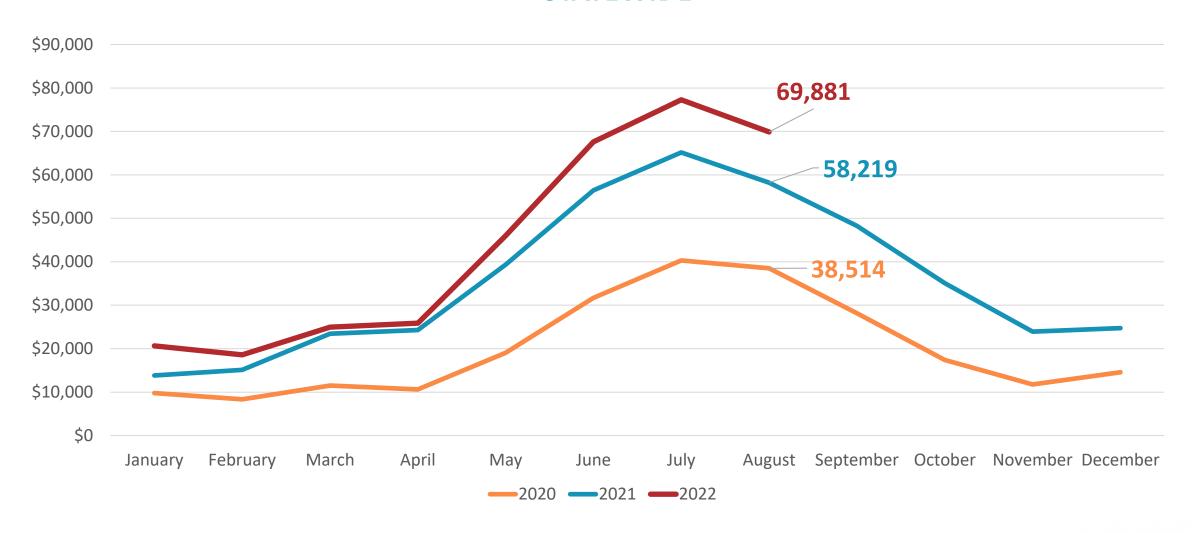


### **WESTERN REGION**

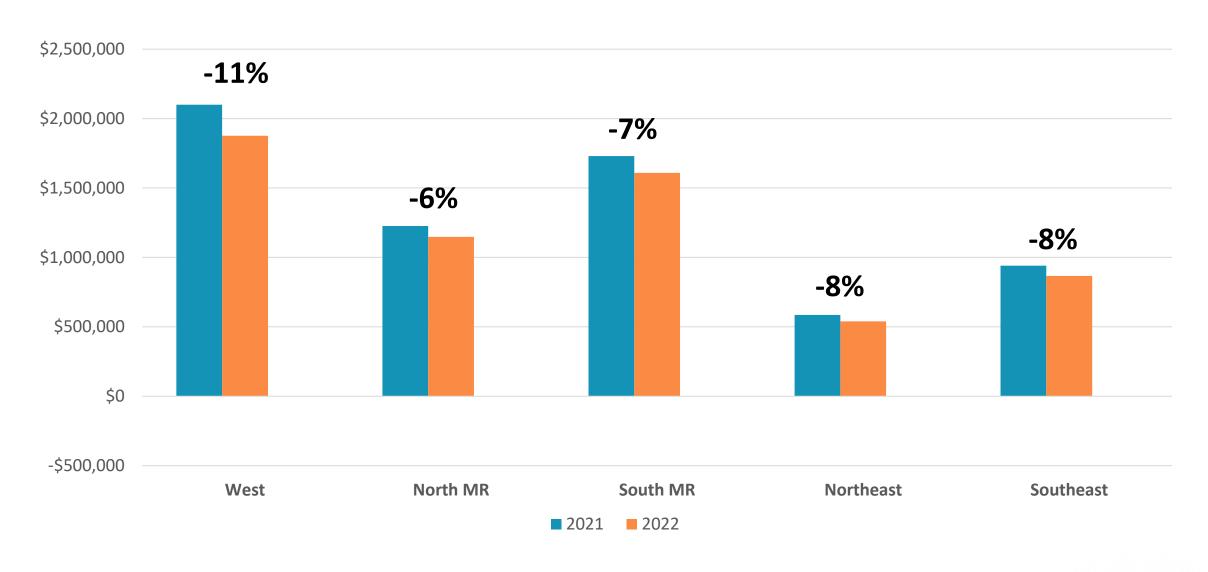


### SHORT TERM RENTAL ROOM NIGHTS

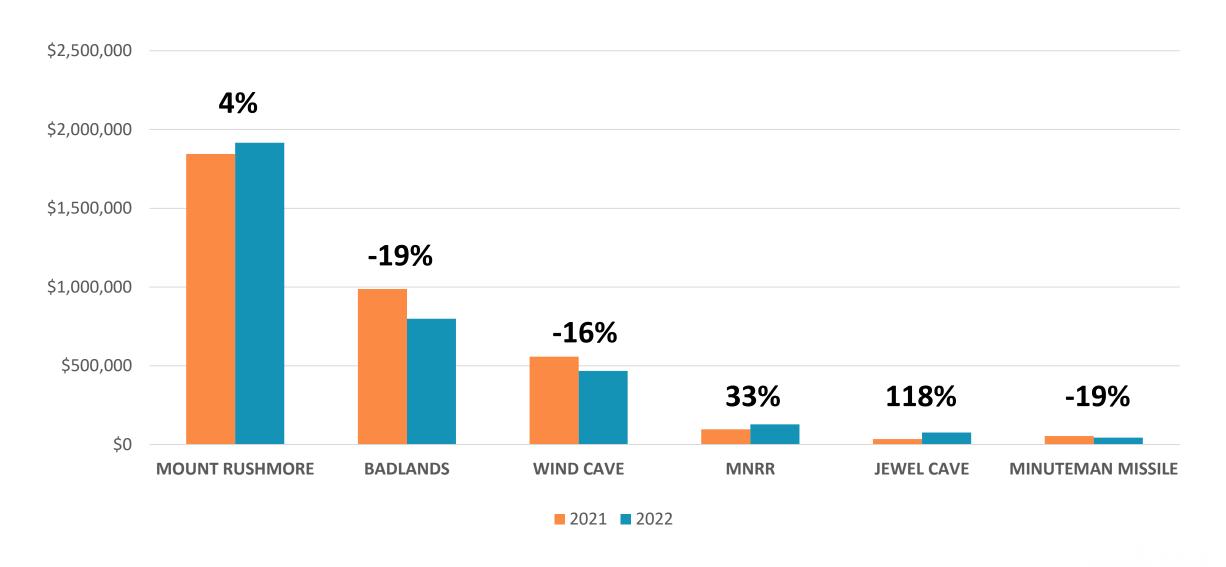
#### **STATEWIDE**



## STATE PARK VISITATION

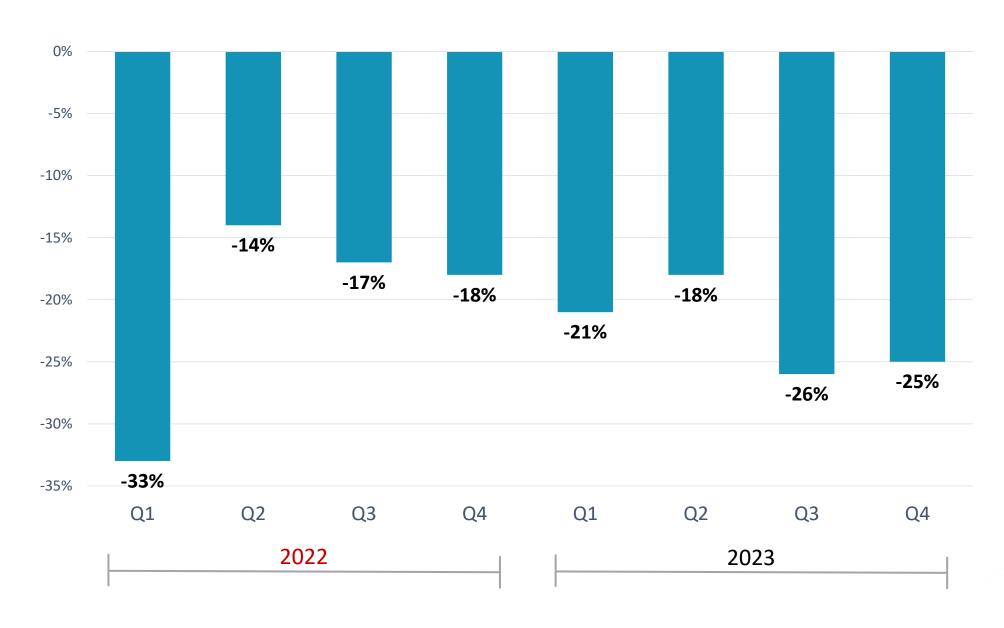


### NATIONAL PARK VISITATION

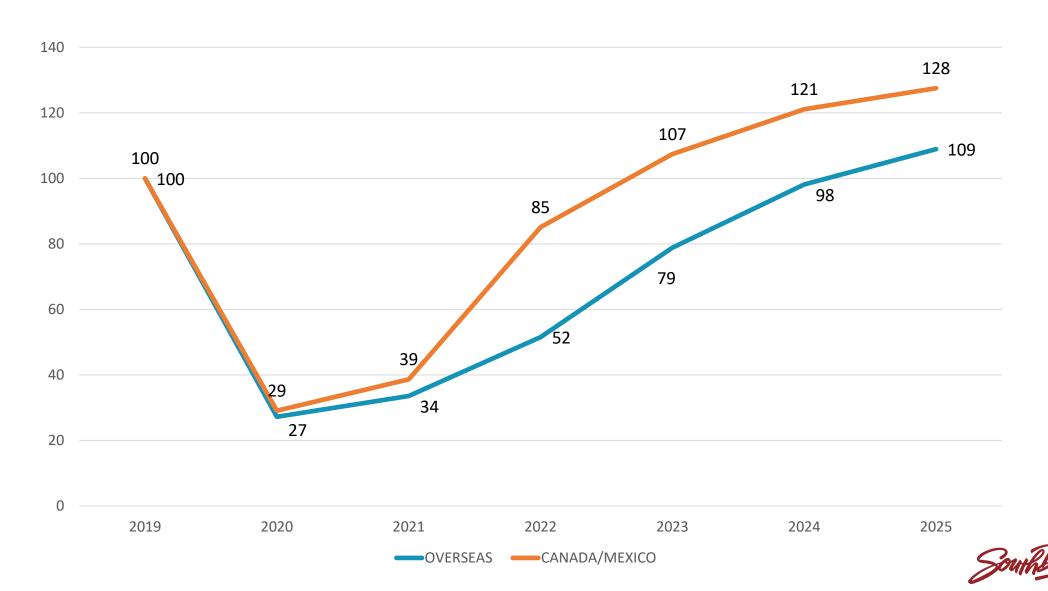




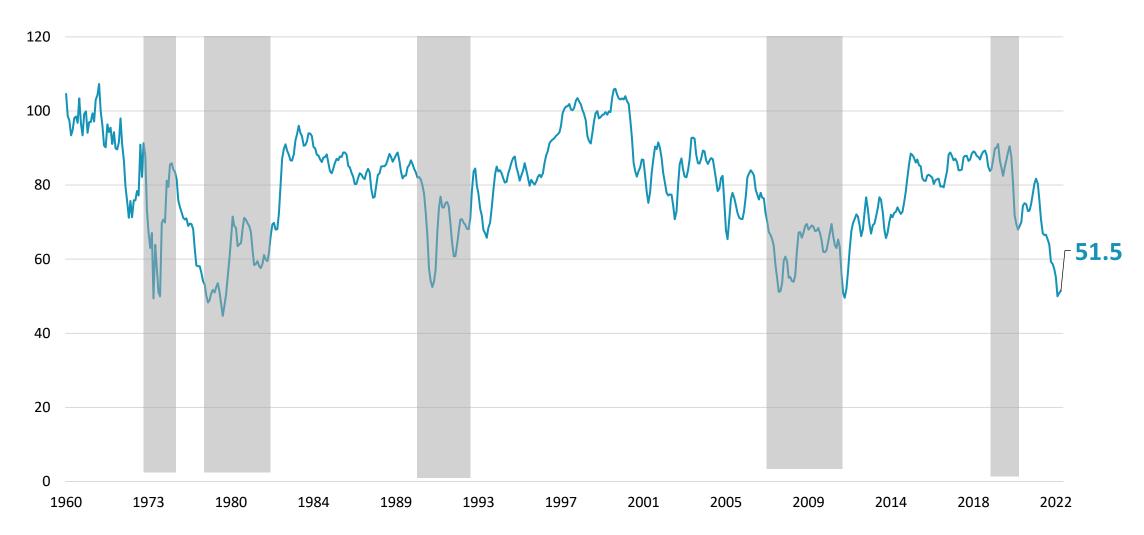
## US BUSINESS TRAVEL FUTURE PACING



### SD INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL FORECAST



## **CONSUMER SENTIMENT INDEX**







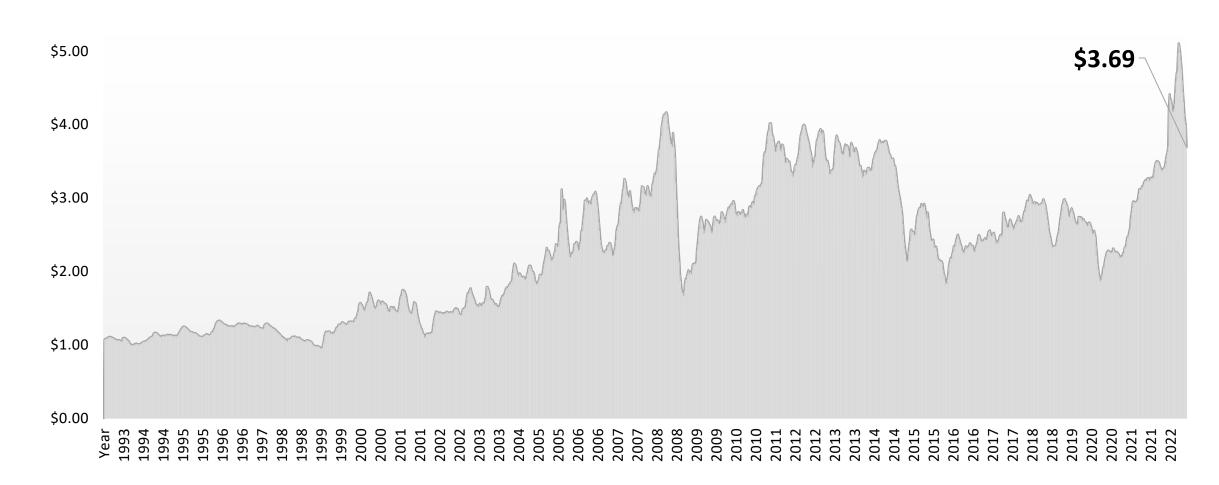
Given the strength of household and corporate balance sheets, my view is that we could see travel react less negatively to a recession than we have seen in past recessions.

Adam Sacks, Tourism Economics



### **GAS PRICES**

\$6.00







## **IMPACT ON TRAVEL PLANS**

